

Math 2263

Quiz 12

Name

Section

Score

(8 points) Let $F(x, y) = \frac{-y\mathbf{i} + x\mathbf{j}}{x^2 + y^2}$,

(a) Show that $\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}$

(b) Show that $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ is NOT independent of path. Does this contradict Theorem 6? [Hint: Compute $\int_{C_1} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ and

$\int_{C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where C_1 and C_2 are the upper and lower halves of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ from $(1, 0)$ to $(-1, 0)$].

Theorem 6: Let $F = P\mathbf{i} + Q\mathbf{j}$ be a vector field on an open simply-connected region D . Suppose P and Q have continuous first-order derivatives and $\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}$ throughout D , then F is conservative.

(7 points) Let D be a region bounded by a simple closed path C in the xy -plane. Use Green's Theorem to prove that the coordinates of the centroid (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) of D are

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{2A} \oint_C x^2 dy, \quad \bar{y} = -\frac{1}{2A} \oint_C y^2 dx$$

where A is the area of D .